



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

PUBLIC HEALTH REPORTS.

[Reports to the Surgeon-General Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service.]

Findings of working party No. 1, Yellow Fever Institute, not all corroborated by working party No. 2.

WASHINGTON, December 18, 1903.

SURGEON-GENERAL.

SIR: We have the honor to report that, as a result of our studies at Vera Cruz, Mexico, this summer, we have not been able to corroborate all the findings of working party No. 1, Yellow Fever Institute, Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service, having found phases of the organism described by them as *Myxococcidium stegomyiae* in normal mosquitoes.

Respectfully,

M. J. ROSENAU,
Chairman Working Party No. 2.
H. B. PARKER.
EDWARD FRANCIS.
GEO. E. BEYER.

Summary of work in Chinatown for the week ended January 9, 1904.

The following is received from Passed Assistant Surgeon Blue, under date of January 11:

Buildings reinspected.....	266
Rooms.....	1,916
Persons inspected.....	1,998
Sick.....	27
Sick prescribed for at Oriental Dispensary.....	7
Dead examined.....	2
Necropsies.....	1
Rats examined bacteriologically.....	53
Number showing pest infection.....	None
Places limed and disinfected.....	967
Times streets swept.....	3
Sewers flushed.....	17
Notices served to abate plumbing nuisances.....	17
Plumbing nuisances abated.....	5
Undergoing abatement.....	14
Total number of plumbing inspections.....	90

Smallpox in Louisville, Ky.—Danger of epidemic outbreak.

The following is received from Passed Assistant Surgeon Young, under date of January 7:

While the extensive smallpox epidemic in this section of the United States last winter was of a uniformly mild type, the cases occurring this year are of a very different type. The disease is occurring now to a very much more limited extent than last winter, but the cases are largely among the whites and the mortality is high.